The theory of International relations

Exam questions

- 1. Ideas about international relations in the history of political thought
- 2. Politics as the main component of international relations
- 3. The emergence and development of the theory of International relations
- 4. Subject and object of the theory of International relations
- 5. Goals and objectives theory of International relations
- 6. The relationship between the concepts of "international relations" and "international politics".
- 7. The relationship between the concepts of "international relations" and "world politics"
- 8. Methods in the theory of International relations
- 9. General methods: sociological, cultural, normative
- 10. General methods: functional, behavioristic, anthropological
- 11. General methods: psychological, comparative, historical
- 12. Applied methods: situation analysis methods, explicative
- 13. Applied methods: predictive methods
- 14. Basic principles of idealism
- 15. Prominent representatives of classical idealism (Locke, Montesquieu, Rousseau)
- 16. Prominent representatives of classical idealism (Kant, Grotius, A. Smith).
- 17. The collapse of the world system of communism and the victory of liberalism
- 18. The concept of war in liberalism
- 19. Liberalism hidden diplomacy, balance of power
- 20. Collective security in liberalism
- 21. Basic principles of neoliberalism
- 22. Soft power concept in neoliberalism
- 23. General characteristics of realism
- 24. Formation of a realistic concept of the world in the 20th century
- 25. Principles of realism by Hans Morgenthau.
- 26. National interest in realism
- 27. The main representatives of classical realism
- 28. Thucydides's convept of realism
- 29. Hobbes and Machiavell's concepts of realism
- 30. Basic principles of neorealism
- 31. K. Waltz as the founder of neorealism
- 32. The English School as an approach between idealism and realism
- 33. Realist, rationalist and revolutionary paradigms of the English School
- 34. General characteristics of marxism
- 35. International relations in the works of K. Marx and F. Engels
- 36. The origins of constructivism
- 37. General characteristics of the debates in the theory of international relations
- 38. The essence of the first debate in the theory of International relations
- 39. The essence of the second debate in the theory of International relations

- 40. International system in the theory of International relations
- 41. The structure of the international system
- 42. National Interest and Power in International Relations
- 43. The concept and structure of national interests
- 44. Elements of national interest
- 45. Different interpretations of national interest
- 46. Factors influencing the formation of national interest
- 47. The concept and structure of power in the theory of International relations
- 48. General characteristics of foreign policy
- 49. The relationship between domestic and foreign policy
- 50. G. Morgenthau on diplomacy
- 51. Diplomacy and international law
- 52. Conflict as a social phenomenon
- 53. Characteristics of international conflict
- 54. Destructive and constructive conflict
- 55. International conflict
- 56. Characteristics of war
- 57. Conditions and types of international cooperation
- 58. Disagreement and Cooperation
- 59. Characteristics of international cooperation
- 60. Integration in the International relations